

**BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION
DUTIABLE COMMODITIES ORDINANCE
PUBLICAN AND ADJUNCT LICENCES**

No person shall, subsequent to 30th November, 1945, sell intoxicating liquors for consumption on the premises unless he has obtained a licence.

Application forms for Publican and Adjunct Licences are obtainable from the Commissioner of Police at his office in New Oriental Building, Connaught Road.

Fees for Publican's Licence—\$1,000.00 to \$8,000.00 to Victoria or Hill District.

Half the above fees elsewhere in the Colony.

Fees for Adjunct Licences—\$700.00 in and to the North of Queen's Road, Victoria, or at Victoria Gap.

\$400.00 elsewhere in the Island of Hong Kong or in Kowloon or New Kowloon.

O. H. SANBOM,
Col. C.A.S. Police.
28th October, 1945.

NOTICE

**BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION HONG KONG
POLICE BRANCH CIVIL AFFAIRS**

The Office of the Commissioner of Police and the Police Accountant have been removed from the Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank Building to the New Oriental Building, Connaught Road (Next to Butterfield & Swire's Office). Telephones Numbers:

Col. C.H. Sanbom—Office 39574
Col. C.H. Sanbom—Residence 24816
Mr. K.A. Bidmead—Office 39587
Mr. K.A. Bidmead—Residence 26179
Police Accountant 39586
Police Secretary 39531

C. H. SANBOM,
Col. C.A.S.
Commissioner of Police.
27th October, 1945.

**BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION
STORES REQUIRED**

Tenders are invited from the public for the supply of the following stores:

Bicycles
Camp Beds
Canvas for beds
Blankets
White Calico
Grass Cutting hooks
G. I. Buckets
Wooden Buckets with covers
Dust Bins
Rattan Splits
Baskets, Rattan for carrying coal.
Baskets, wastepaper
Carrying Poles, Bamboo
Brushes, Lavatory
Brushes, Hand
Brushes, Scrubbing Deck
Brooms, Bamboo
Brooms, Coco-nut
Brooms, Hair
Brooms, Corn
Mats, Sleeping
Mops, floor
Choppers, Meat
Choppers, Wood
Primus Stoves
Blowlamps
Balance Scales, up to 20 lbs.
Iron Hoops for repairing buckets
Rat Traps, steel spring
Cells for hand torches
Bulbs for hand torches
Disinfectant
Hair Clippers
Scissors, Hair-cutting
Padlocks 2" to 6"
Bolt Hinges 3" 4"
Back flap Hinges 4"
Pliers
Screws, iron or brass
Adding Machines
Gestetner Machines
Gestetner Ink
Gestetner Stencils
Impression Papers
Correcting Fluid
Typewriter Ribbons
Typewriters
Chloride of Lime

Tenders for all or any part of the above, must be submitted in triplicate, in sealed covers marked "Tender for Stores", addressed to Mr. C. E. Davis, Supplies Sub-Section, 2nd Floor, Mercantile Bank Building. Samples must accompany tenders when such a submission is reasonable, and may further particulars required.

TENDERS

are invited for upholstery work and the manufacture of curtains, mosquito nets &c, and should be submitted in sealed covers marked "Tender for upholstery" to reach the Sup'tg. Naval Store Officer, H. M. Dockyard, Hongkong, not later than Monday, 6th November, 1945.

For particulars and forms of tender apply—

Sup'g. Naval Store Officer,
H. M. DOCKYARD,
Hong Kong.

"THORNYCROFT"

Our Branch Office has opened temporary premises c/o Messrs Blair & Co., at French Bank Building, 2nd floor, and we shall be obliged if all prospective clients will communicate enquiries to that address during the present emergency period where they will be promptly handled and communicated to our executive who is now proceeding to London to ascertain full details and specifications with prices of latest models in all lines of our products—

Vehicles—Petrol/Diesel.
Marine Engines—Petrol/Diesel.
Boilers—Water Tube.
Motor Boats & Water Craft
of all description.

Our Hong Kong & China office is a Direct Branch of:—
Messrs.
JOHN I. THORNYCROFT & Co., Ltd.,
Smith Square,
Westminster,
London.

BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION, HONGKONG

DEPARTMENT OF IMPORTS & EXPORTS

DUTY ON LIQUOR AND TOBACCO

On and from October, 29th 1945 duty will be collected upon Liquor and Tobacco under the Dutiable Commodities Ordinance (No. 36 of 1931). The rates of duty are those in force on December 1st 1941.

Persons or firms holding stocks of Liquor over 4 gallons in the case of European Liquor and over 50 gallons in the case of Chinese Liquor are required to declare these stocks, stating

- (a) the type or kind of liquor
- (b) the number of bottles or other containers for each type,
- (c) the number of gallons of each type; and
- (d) the place where the liquor reported is stored.

If the declarer holds evidence that duty was paid on all or part of this liquor before December 8th 1941 or to the Japanese Administration he should state the nature of the evidence and the amount of liquor involved.

Persons or firms holding stocks of tobacco, other than stocks of cigarettes and smoking tobacco less than 20 pounds in total weight held by licensed retailers on their premises, are required to declare these stocks, stating

- (a) the type of tobacco;
- (b) the amount in pounds or thousands in the case of cigars or cigarettes; and
- (c) the place where the tobacco is now stored.

Duty will be charged on all stocks of Liquor and Tobacco over and above the limits or exceptions stated above other than goods which are in General Bonded Warehouses or other approved storage.

Failure to declare stocks of Liquor and Tobacco will render them liable to seizure and confiscation as Dutiable Goods.

Declarations must be handed in at this office by noon on November 1st 1945.

H. A. TAYLOR
Superintendent of
Imports & Exports.
28th October, 1945.

may be obtained from the above named Officer.

The closing time for the acceptance of tenders is noon on November 3rd, 1945; and offers must remain open for seven (7) days from this date.

The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

A. BURGESS
Colonel, (C.A.) Supplies
Transport & Industry.
29th October, 1945.

THE CHINA MAIL

Registered Offices:
Windsor House
1st floor
Des Voeux Road, C.
Hong Kong.

Telephones: 82312, 24354 & 83928

Managing Editor: W. J. Keates.

Subscription Rates:
8 months H.K.\$ 9.00
6 months H.K.\$18.00
One year H.K.\$36.00

THE DOCK STRIKE

The decision of the Bristol dockers to return to work yesterday, with an appeal to their co-workers in other ports to follow suit, is an encouraging indication that commonsense and public spirit is beginning to prevail. It is too early to express confidence that the end of the disturbing episode is in sight, but precept and example are persuasive and it can be hoped that the resumption will become general. All three protagonists—dockers, Trades Unions, and Government—have been blamed for the snowball growth of the strike. It began with 61 men out at Birkenhead on September 25 and a week ago involved nearly 50,000 workers. Political scare-mongers spied a Trotskyite nigger in the woodpile. The idea has been laughed out, but on no one party can blame be squarely fixed. There are and will be grave labour troubles all the world over as a result of the war's upheaval. But Britain, less than any surviving Great Power, can afford disturbance with industrial problems. This is no time for British dockers, or workers of any other kind, to agitate for anything so leisurely as a 40-hour week.

Tory newspapers continue to state that Mr. Churchill's plan remains unanswered. Actually it was crushingly answered by Mr. John Strachey in the most brilliant debating speech made in this Parliament.

Since Tory newspapers for the most part did not print Mr. Strachey's reply, they hope that the deliberate delusion of their readers will persist. The episode is made more complicated and unsavoury since the same newspapers have always pressed for "more facts."

Turning to Europe, Mr. Foot writes:

Am I my brother's keeper? How many times was that famous question asked in the ignoble years before the war?

It was the excuse of Cain, and on every occasion when an attempt was made to rouse the British people to an awareness of the perils which threatened them from the infamies being done on the continent of Europe, the same excuse was reiterated.

Abyssinia was "not our concern." As a result five years later the British Navy was only able to hold its own against the fleets of Mussolini by sheer bluff and bravado.

The Spanish war was a "faction fight" wherein we could not intervene. As a result the horror of Guernica was later visited on London, Plymouth and Coventry. Czechoslovakia was a "far away country about which we knew nothing." As a result an opportunity of overthrowing Hitler before a world of blood had been shed was irretrievably lost.

Victims of persecution in Germany were "only Jews." Official reports of concentration camps were suppressed by the Chamberlain Government and in the end British and American prisoners starved to death alongside those caught in programmes.

The list could be endlessly ex-

CHAIR COOLIES CHARGED

TWO SEDAN CHAIR COOLIES WERE CAUTIONED BY MR. C. Y. KWAN AT THE SUMMARY MILITARY COURT YESTERDAY, FOR OVER-CHARGING CUSTOMERS.

It was stated that a European hired a chair to take him from D'Aguilar Street to Caino Road. On arrival, the coolie put up four fingers when asked what the fare was. They were given one dollar, and started an argument. A Police officer appeared and both coolies were arrested.

Mr. Kwan said that in future cases, a penalty would be imposed.

A richsha coolie, Tsang Ma-lin, was also cautioned, for charging one dollar for a trip from the Hong Kong Hotel to the Fire Brigade Building.

The magistrate warned that if conditions warranted an increase in charges, they should apply to the Authorities through a proper channel.

AMBASSADOR AND LADY SEYMOUR

His Excellency the British Ambassador to China, Sir Horace Seymour, who arrived in the Colony on Saturday on a private visit, accompanied by Lady Seymour and General Sir Carton de Vacht, V.C., returned to Chungking by air yesterday morning.

The distinguished party were soon off by Major-General F. W. Festing, G.O.C., and Air Commdore W. A. D. Brook, A.O.C., Hong Kong.

SHOT MAN IDENTIFIED

The Chinese shot in the harbour on Sunday afternoon has been identified as Tang Lin, 35, a fisherman.

He was shot while on board a sampan, which immediately went alongside the H.M.I.S. Cauvery. The Water Police are still investigating the incident.

MONSTROUS BREACH OF FAITH

London Oct. 20.—Pithy comment on Mr. Winston Churchill's demobilisation proposals (the scrapping of the age plus length of service formula), which he says, would be regarded by troops in Hong Kong and other parts of the Far East as a "monstrous breach of faith," is contained in an article by Michael Foot, noted journalist and M.P.

Mr. Foot writes: Perhaps the most eloquent speech of the week was made by Mr. Evelyn Wallenden M.P., who punctured with a few words the elaborate demobilisation balloon which Mr. Churchill is inflating.

Mr. Churchill proposed that the age plus length of service formula be scrapped. He is trying to sugar the pill for those soldiers, particularly in the Far East, who would regard this suggestion as a monstrous breach of faith.

Mr. Wallenden intervened to ask if Mr. Churchill knew that exactly if his proposition had been roundly condemned by the 14th Army.

Mr. Churchill did not know. Since his whole case depended on scrapping the age plus length of service formula, the speech collapsed.

I have already received cabled comment from the Far East (says Mr. Foot) on Mr. Churchill's proposal. Unhappily it is unprintable.

UNSAVOURY

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REWARD OFFER

Buffalo, Oct. 29.—William J. Brock, lawyer, to-day sent a five-thousand-dollar cheque to President Truman requesting that the sum be used in the nucleus of a five-hundred thousand dollar reward for the capture of Hitler. Associated Press.

PINGSHAN AIRPORT ACHIEVEMENT

SURVEY WORK ON THE SITE OF THE PROPOSED PINGSHAN AIRPORT HAS NOW BEEN COMPLETED. WITH AN AREA OF FOUR AND A HALF SQUARE MILES INVOLVED, IT WAS ACCOMPLISHED IN THREE WEEKS, EARNING A WARM TRIBUTE TO THE SURVEY PERSONNEL OF 5358 AIRFIELD CONSTRUCTION WING BY FLIGHT LIEUT. T. H. MAYER, THE CHIEF SURVEYOR OFFICER ON THE PROJECT.

Faced with the enormous task of carrying out a detailed survey covering 4½ sq. miles, and preparing large scale drawings, it took over 5,000 levels over a site which presented great difficulties from the point of view of access; necessitated the wearing of gum boots and at times working knee deep in rice fields under water.

Prior to the Japanese surrender, this unit was destined for survey work on Okinawa, and was subsequently directed to Hong Kong at short notice. Flt. Lt. Mayer and his men were the first troops stationed in the New Territories, and actually commenced the survey before the Japanese in the territory were disarmed.

They were accompanied by a small detachment of No. 602 Squadron under P/O Dawson.

Sgt. M. R. H. MacIntosh (Chief Technical Site Officer), was in charge of the party.

That the initial drawings were completed on time, reflects great credit on those engaged on the survey, which is the largest yet undertaken by any R.A.F. Airfield Unit.

The area finally to be surveyed will cover over 7½ sq. miles.

Black Market Sugar Sellers Fined

THE MANAGER OF THE HOP LEE GROCERY SHOP, NO. 92, WING LOK STREET, GROUND FLOOR, WAS FINED \$1,000 OR 12 MONTHS' HARD LABOUR BY MR. LEO D'ALMADA AT THE STANDING MILITARY COURT YESTERDAY, FOR SELLING ONE CATTY OF WHITE SUGAR AT \$9, A PRICE IN EXCESS OF THE OFFICIAL PRICE, AND FOR FAILING TO DISPLAY IN A PROMINENT POSITION AFFIXED TO RECEPCION TACLE CONTAINING THE SUGAR, THE SELLING PRICE OF THE COMMODITY AND THE QUALITY AND KIND OFFERED FOR SALE.

Accused stated that he bought the sugar at \$8 per catty and only sold at \$9. Besides he kept the sugar for his own consumption.

Mr. A. el Arculli, for the prosecution, said that on defendant's own admission, he made a profit out of the sugar. A considerable amount of sugar was found in the rear of the shop.

Mr. D'Almada pointed out that accused sold sugar at a price much in excess of the official price. The people of this Colony had suffered a lot of profiteering during the Japanese occupation, and the Authorities were trying to put an end to it. He would, therefore, impose a heavy penalty in future cases.

Associated with him is Corporal Cliff Fowler, of the R.A.F., who has been producing and appearing in service shows for 6½ years and has presented shows in Kowloon recently. He appeared in a service show with Frances Day in England.

Leading Aircraftman Douglas Young R.A.F., who has just arrived from India has taken part in straight shows and service revues for the past three years.

**CLASSIFIED
ADVERTISING**

20 WORDS \$2 PER INSERTION
PREPAID, ADDITIONAL
WORDS 10 CENTS PER WORD
PER INSERTION

\$2

Reply is awaiting at our office
for Box No. 16.**GENERAL**

**ELECTRICAL SUPPLIERS &
CONTRACTORS**, Moderate Prices,
Excellent Service. THE SUNLIGHT
HING KEE CO., 137, Des Voeux
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COLD DRINKS, GROCERIES,
at reasonable prices. MAN YING &
CO., Gloucester Arcade (Des Voeux
Road entrance). Tel. 20889.

TYPEWRITERS for sale at reasonable
prices. Free demonstration
Standard Typewriter Co. 39B Queen's
Road, C. Tel. 3144.

WANTED KNOWN

BRITISHIER proceeding Australia
offers himself as Representative or
Agent, also willing to arrange
Agencies. Apply Box No. 17 "China
Mail".

**SOUTH BRITISH INSURANCE
CO. LTD.** Tel. No. 21134.

FOR SALE

A BIG SELECTION OF Corsets,
"Footm" Brassieres, Wool & Silk
Dress Materials, at Lucille & Elite
Styles, 18, Queen's Road, Central.

POSITION VACANT

TYPE—With experience in Import & Export business, also required
SALESGIRLS with experience and
knowledge of Chinese, Mandarin, and
English. Please apply to Box No. 16
c/o "China Mail".

PERSONAL

WILL PTE. VICTOR LEE (Lee Sui
Kee) Victoria Barracks, R.E. Search
lights please communicate with his
sister, Cecilia Dolores Williams (Lee),
3 Berkley Flats, 15 Raine Street,
Bellvue Hill, Sydney, N.S.W.

**WANCHAI'S MOST
MODERN BAR**

"WHITE HORSE"
42-44 Lockhart Road

OPEN FROM 9 A.M. TO 8 P.M.

Meet Your Friends There

Telephone No. 25491

CHAN JAN SHING
Manager

MASONIC HALL

11 Queen's Road Central, 2nd floor.
(Entrance—Ice House St.)

Will all Freemasons at present in the
Colony (including Service brethren)
please register with the Secretary between
8 and 6 p.m. any day except
Wednesday and Sunday.

NOTICE.

BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION,
HONG KONG.

Entertainments Tax Ordinance, 1930.

It is notified for general information that with effect from 1st November, 1945, Entertainments Tax will again be collected in accordance with the provisions of the Entertainments Tax Ordinance, 1930. The Rates of Duty are as follows:

Amount of Payment.	Rate of Duty.
Where the amount of payment for admission, excluding the amount of the duty—does not exceed 4 cents.....	
exceeds 4 cents and does not exceed 10 cents.....	1 cent.
exceeds 10 cents and does not exceed 20 cents.....	2 cents.
exceeds 20 cents and does not exceed 35 cents.....	5 cents.
exceeds 35 cents and does not exceed 60 cents.....	10 cents.
exceeds 60 cents and does not exceed \$1.00.....	20 cents.
exceeds \$1.00 and does not exceed \$1.40.....	30 cents.
exceeds \$1.40 and does not exceed \$2.00.....	40 cents.
exceeds \$2.00 and does not exceed \$8.00.....	50 cents.
exceeds \$8.00 and does not exceed \$4.00.....	70 cents.
exceeds \$4.00 and does not exceed \$6.00.....	\$1.00.
exceeds \$6.00.....	\$1.30 for the first \$6.00 and 30 cents for each additional dollar or part thereof.

O. G. S. FOLLOWS.

25th October, 1945.

Chief Financial Advisor (Civil Affairs):

DAIRY FARM FRESH MILK

As from to-day a limited supply will be on sale at Windsor House (Annex) between 10 a.m. and 11 a.m. daily.

Price 60 cents per 8 oz. bottle. Intending purchasers must bring their own containers otherwise bottles will be charged for at the rate of 60 cents each.

**The Dairy Farm,
Ice & Cold Storage Co., Ltd.**

WINDSOR HOUSE.

Telephone 28184.

CRISIS IN CHINA GROWS

"Fierce Fighting" Reported From Shansi Allegations And Counter-Charges

MEIJI SHRINE DESTROYED

TOKYO, Oct. 29.
The Meiji shrine—one of
the three main temples of the
Shinto faith—was destroyed by
fire during an air raid on
April 13th, 1945.—Associated
Press.

WAR RISKS

LONDON, Oct. 29.
Floating mines hitting the
South Coast during this week's
gales have not affected war risk
insurance rates which remain
almost nominal despite some re-
cent claims. The exploding of
mines on shore obviously re-
duces dangers for shipping.

Coastwise vessels and many
trawlers have been insured late-
ly for three months at 1/6 per
£100 and ocean-going vessels at
2/6. Some underwriters feel
such business is hardly worth
while since the total premium
after deducting brokerage is so
small.—Reuter.

GERMANS JOINING FOREIGN LEGION

PARIS, Oct. 29.
The French Foreign Legion is
accepting enlisting of German
prisoners of war, but with double
screening to eliminate 98 per cent
of the applicants, an official an-
nouncement said to-day.

The announcement, which gave
no figures on the numbers, said
a first screening by the military
security service eliminates all ap-
plicants suspected of Nazi lean-
ings or membership in any org-
anization sympathetic to Nazism.—
Associated Press.

RELEASED AFTER 22 YEARS

TOKYO, Oct. 29.
Retsu Boku, forty-four year old
Korean who was imprisoned in
1923 for plotting the assassination
of Emperor Taisho, was released
from the Akita penitentiary ac-
cording to a Domes message.

Boku had been serving a life
term charge of high treason but
Emperor Hirohito's recent am-
nesty rescript brought him as
well as several hundred other
prisoners freedom.—Associated
Press.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 29.
Eighteen Roman Catholic nuns,
including three imprisoned on the
Nagasaki outskirts when the
atomic bomb wrecked the city,
arrived to-day aboard the Dutch
motorship Klipfontein.—Associated
Press.

Still Need For A Navy, Says Adm. King

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 29.
ADMIRAL ERNEST KING, COMMANDER OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY, IN HIS NAVY-DAY SPEECH URGED A REALISTIC, PRACTICABLE REDUCTION IN THE PRESENT UNITED STATES NAVY TO POST-WAR SIZE, BUT URGED THE RETENTION OF A STRONG NAVY TO UPHOLD THE NATIONAL POLICIES.

REFERRING TO THE ATOMIC BOMB HE ASSERTED: THE STATEMENT THAT OUR PRESENT MILITARY FORCES WILL BE SCRAPPED IN THE NEXT TEN YEARS CAN BE SAID TO STEM FROM A "BUCK ROGERS" TYPE OF PREDICTION.

"The new weapon will modify strategy tactics but will not change the fundamental principle of warfare and as long as that holds there will be need for a navy."

The new weapon will not "in the least abolish the navy's prime duty to carry war overseas to the enemy. It is our expectation to prevent the possibility of war ever reaching this nation on its own shores."

The Admiral listed the following requirements as the United States minimum post-war naval strength:

1,082 combatant ships, with thirty per cent active, ten per cent in ready reserve and sixty per cent inactive.

The active and ready reserve ships would require forty thousand line officers and five hundred thousand men and a marine corps of eight-thousand officers and a hundred thousand men.—Associated Press.

CHICAGO, Oct. 29.

Vice-Admiral Marc A. Mitscher, commander of the third fleet's famed Task Force 58 which raised such havoc with the Japanese fleet in the western Pacific, declared in a speech here that the United States must remain in readiness to strike whenever and wherever aggressor nations may arise.—Associated Press.

KOWLOON SPORTS

A meeting of representatives of sports clubs in Kowloon is to be held in the conference room of the Peninsula Hotel on the first floor, at 8.30 p.m. on Thursday.

Clubs intending to send representatives are requested to forward names to Mr. G. P. Murphy, Peninsula Hotel, in order that meeting arrangements may be made.

Seoul, Korea, Oct. 29.

The first United States troops to be sent home from Korea—3,658 of them—left the Inchon distribution center yesterday aboard a transport. By January, 19,000 will be processed at the centre.—Associated Press.

NO INFLATION YET

BERLIN, Oct. 29.
A British Military Government officer maintained that there are "no signs of inflation at present" in Germany.

He acknowledged that a lot of loose money are in the hands of German civilians and that many allied soldiers have bundles of German occupation marks.

Berlin is running a heavy budget deficit which during the June-September quarter was at one-hundred and eighty-six Reichsmarks or fifty-five per cent of the total of municipal expenditures.—Associated Press.

R.A.F. SOCCER TEAMS

The following teams have been selected for the second R.A.F. soccer trial match to take place at the King's Park ground on Sunday, November 4th, at 6 p.m.

R.A.F.: Popi, Cpl. Lennox and Simons; Dawn, Cpl. Cooper and Smith; Boyd, Morrison, Stokes, Lithian and Breeds.

The R.A.F. (R.A.F.), Evans, O'Neill and Shanahan; Sgt. Crystal, Cpl. Rhodes and Lewis; Brooks, Banks, Swinford, Goodley and Steppard.

Palestine Will Not Wait

LONDON, Oct. 29.
THE URGENCY OF SECURING A SOLUTION OF THE PALESTINE PROBLEM IS STRESSED BY THE WRITER SCRUTATOR IN THE "SUNDAY TIMES."

"The matter will not wait. On the one hand there are Jewish victims in Europe craving refuge, on the other hand there are in Palestine the beginnings of renewed civil war, and outside it the attitude of the Arab League.

"The British Government, however, recognises that action is necessary and Mr. Attlee is expected shortly to announce it.

"Prophets say the Government will admit to Palestine 1,400 to 1,600 Jewish immigrants a month for the present. That would be a compromise figure—high enough to give a little relief to Jewish victims, low enough to preclude any grave Arab objections. But it will not settle the Palestine trouble nor even stop it from growing worse.

"Wider compromises are conceivable. One is partition—with a better map. The other is to keep one constitution for the whole country but have Arab and Jewish communities represented in the Government on a permanent basis irrespective of their populations at any given time. Thus neither side could ever be swamped.

"To either of these solutions the chief obstacle is the temper of the parties. But that will only grow worse with time.

"The British Government, which has compelling motives for preserving the friendship of Arabs and Jews alike, must beware lest it exhaust the patience of both."—Reuter.

After The Event

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Oct. 29.
Maj.-Gen. Claire Chennault, long-time air force commander in China both before and after American entry into the war, declared to-day: "If we had been provided with enough of the latest type of fighters and bombardment aircraft in the years immediately preceding Pearl Harbour, England and the United States never would have had to fight Japan.

"With enough of the power craft, we could have destroyed Japanese air power, sea power and her merchant marine from Chinese bases. Japan never would have fought us then."—Associated Press.

ENTITLED FIFTY-FIFTY BASIS IRRESPECTIVE OF THEIR POPULATIONS AT ANY GIVEN TIME. THUS NEITHER SIDE COULD EVER BE SWAMPED.

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STATEMENT SOON

THE SUNDAY NEWSPAPERS HERE SAID THAT PREMIER ATTLEE WILL PROBABLY MAKE HIS LONG-AWAITED STATEMENT ON PALESTINE TO THE HOUSE OF COMMONS ON NOVEMBER 1ST AND MIGHT AT THE SAME TIME ANNOUNCE THE BRITISH AND AMERICAN FUTURE POLICY WITH REGARD TO JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO THE HOLY LAND.—ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Truman Brushes Isolationism Aside

LONDON, Oct. 29.
PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S ADDRESS ON FOREIGN POLICY BROUGHT GENERALLY FAVOURABLE REACTION ABROAD.

London Sunday newspapers featured the speech and hailed it editorially as an assurance that the United States was not withdrawing from participation in world affairs.

Some misgivings, however, were expressed over the statements regarding the atomic bomb, the "Sunday Dispatch" asserting that he "had made it clear that even Britain and Canada were regarded as minor participants" in the creation of the new weapon.

"But the overriding feeling inspired in this country will be one of renewed hope towards the creation of which his recognition of need for world economic collaboration will make no small contribution."

The "Sunday Times" said that the speech "brushed aside" the speculation that the United States might return to its traditional policy of aloofness from European politics."

WORLD SAFETY

The "Sunday Chronicle" declared that "no sensible person

doubts that it is for the sake of the world's safety that the United States has decided to let the secret of the atomic bomb stay where it is rather than make it available to other partners."

Official French circles received President Truman's foreign policy outline with qualified approval. They expressed agreement on the general statements but it was clear that Paris would have liked specific statements of American policy toward Germany or Indo-China.

High Canadian quarters officially expressed satisfaction.

SOVIET ATTITUDE

MOSCOW, Oct. 29.
The Soviet Press to-day displayed President Truman's Navy Day speech under two and three-column bold-face headlines.

The newspaper published verbatim President Truman's twelve points outlined in his speech.—Associated Press.

AND IN JAPAN

TOKYO, Oct. 29.
Three major newspapers—Asahi, Yomiuri, Hochi and Mainichi—gave President Truman's Navy day speech top play in their news columns and carried in full the 12 points he outlined for American foreign policy.—Associated Press.

RADIO

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 30TH, 1945.

POPULAR CLASSICS

ZBW H